

SMOOTHY NO. 2.

G. HAMILTON G. AND WHAT HE
BURIED HERE.

The Detective Who Knocked Him
Out Still on His Trail—He Gives
the Smooth Doctor's True Name—
How the Rascal Was Run to His
Hole Up North.

A brief glimpse into the back record of
"Dr." G. Hamilton Griffin, alias Smoothy
No. 2, whose methods in selling property to
which he had not even the ghost of a title
are still so distressingly well remembered
in this city, and who was brought up with
a short turn in Victoria, B. C., for sending
threatening blackmail letters, signed
"by order of the Black Hand," to Duns-
muir, may possibly be of interest to many
of his victims here, now that the smooth
swindler is safely lodged in jail serving out
a five-years sentence.

The details of his career were ascertained
last night by a Times reporter from Col. J.
H. Mahoney of Mahoney's Detective
Agency, San Francisco, who is a guest at
the Nadeau. Col. Mahoney was brought up
case against the "Dr." and presented
such irrefutable evidence against him that
a conviction was promptly secured, with
sentence following swiftly on his heels. In
less than 12 months after his arrest, a
guilty sentence was passed on the smooth
Doctor.

Said Col. Mahoney: "In the first place,
Griffin's true name is Griffin, La Blanche
and not Griffin, La Blanche Griffin. He
was born in Cuba some 40 years ago, and is
a half-breed negro, his father being an
Englishman and his mother a full-blooded
negress. A single glance at his swarthy face
and at the back of his head, where the true
curly negro hair is visible in his hair, de-
note his ancestry. One thing, however,
puzzled me somewhat at first, and that was
his mustache. It was so long, so black, so
spiky and so devoid of kink. But this I
found was due to the large quantities of
pomade stiffening he groomed it with con-
tinually. When the pomade gave out the
kink came back.

"His record I give from memory, not hav-
ing the papers about his career with me.
They are in San Francisco, and I know
how I traced La Blanche back to 1880.
About that time he met Dr. Griffin, a
reputable citizen, in Montreal, Canada, and
soon wormed himself into his good graces.
By the way, I must say that of all the
smooth talkers I ever met, La Blanche is
the chief. He speaks fluently seven dif-
ferent languages, speaks well and is so very
very pious. Religion is his tongue and
fraud is in his thinker all the time. He
(Griffin)—La Blanche or La Blanche-
Griffin—went to Europe as Dr. Griffin's
companion, and traveled with him for a
while. Then he defrauded Dr. Griffin, and
returning to Montreal, opened a hotel. He
swindled everybody right and left and
skipped to Toronto; thence to Bradford,
and then to Oxford, where he was arrested
on the same plan that he operated on here,
selling what did not belong to him, were
carried on freely by him. But at Oxford he
was arrested for swindling a firm out of
\$1000, and pleaded guilty.

"He refunded the money, and was let off
with a six months' sentence in the peniten-
tiary. When released he returned to his
thieving ways in Kingston, Canada, and
was again arrested, but managed to escape
conviction. In Kingston, in 1886, he mar-
ried his wife, a Miss Remick, whom he
continually abused, in the most brutal fash-
ion, from the day he married her until his
arrest in Victoria. Buffalo, across from
the Canadian border, was his next resi-
dence, whence he fled in March last to
avoid arrest for further crookedness, and
came to this city. His exploits here are too
fresh in the memory of all to harrow up
local feeling by recounting them; besides,
The Times gave a full account of his ras-
calities.

"In San Francisco, where he next went to
he was by turns a spiritual medium, quack
doctor, nearly killing a woman who applied
to him for advice, and a projector of various
schemes. Then he went to Victoria and
bonded a lot of coal land. Because Mr.
Dunsmuir would not purchase these from
him he threatened his life by letter written
in a disguised hand, unless he would for-
ward a large sum of money to a designated
address.

"I had no less than four of my men at
work on him. One of them was with him
all the time, sang with him in church,
chummed with him and was his constant
companion. By an adroit hint that
another of my men was a
detective watching him, La Blanche
in the presence of my other man was in-
duced to write an anonymous letter to the
detective, abusing him grossly. This letter
was the connecting link in the chain of
evidence, the handwriting being sworn to
by experts as being identical with the
threatening letters to Mr. Dunsmuir. Up
to the day of his conviction, La Blanche
wore a fresh bouquet in his buttonhole
every day in court, but when convicted he
tore the one he wore out of his coat and
trampled on it. He told me he had been in
prison life just as much as if he was in a
hospital. His sentence did not appear to
affect him a bit, and a cooler piece of
humanity I never saw in my life.

"Now, here's something," said Col. Ma-
honey, "that in part, though not entirely,
accounts for my presence here," and un-
rolling a package, a large number of
papers, letters, account books and other
documents were displayed before the eyes
of the reporter. "These are La Blanche's
private papers. Some of them are written
in Greek; I think I said La Blanche was a
fine scholar, and all relate to many of his
swindling schemes. I dug them up today
in the yard in the rear of E. T. Bryant's
house on C street in the Glendale tract.
They were placed there by La Blanche
when he fled this city, and of course it was
unknown to Mr. Bryant that they were con-
cealed in his yard. I shall take them back
with me to San Francisco."

Col. Mahoney goes from here in a day or
two to Nevada on other business, but will
return here before going back to San Fran-
cisco.

A DUEL.

The County Recorder Challenged to
Mortal Combat.

It will be remembered that last Sunday
was the day fixed for A. A. Montano, the
County Recorder, to march with the Salva-
tion Army, on a bet made with Deputy
Sheriff V. L. Sanchez during the late mu-
nicipal campaign. Sanchez bet that Bryson
would be elected Mayor, and the loser was
to turn out last Sunday afternoon with the
Salvation Army.

This Montano failed to do, and now San-
chez is after him with a sharp stick.

Yesterday Sanchez sent the following
reminder of Montano's had faith to
him in the form of a challenge, which reads
as follows:

"SHERIFF'S OFFICE.
December 11, 1888.
You are hereby notified that unless you pay
the bet as won by me, that I, march in the
Salvation Army as per agreement, I will
brand you as a notorious liar, scoundrel and
as a person devoid of all personal honor,
and on sight will take my pay out of your
yellow hide. Yours, V. L. SANCHEZ."

The letter was sent to the Recorder's of-
fice by Mr. Sanchez's friend, but Montano
was not in, and it was left in charge of the
Deputy Recorder, to be delivered as soon as
possible. It is not known whether the Re-
corder will fight or march in the Salvation
Army, but it is very certain that he will
have to do something.

Sanchez is very anxious to meet him on
the field of honor, and the chances are that
a big sensation is in store for the people of
Los Angeles.

THE GAMBLERS.

A Kick in the Mayor's Office—The
Monday Raid.

The successful raid by the police on
Whipple's game on Monday night, when the
doors were broken in, and 13 men and the
entire outfit captured, was the general topic
of conversation in police and sporting cir-
cles yesterday. The place was always re-
garded as one of the hardiest in the city to
do anything with, hence the surprise
which the raid created, and all of the frater-
nity were busily engaged in discussing

the actuating causes. Mr. Whipple was
loud in his denunciation of the raid as a
"job," but was not exactly settled in his
own mind as to what quarter it came from,
and is at a loss to understand how the offi-
cers got their courage up to the sticking
point to enforce the law, even if it had to
be done with the aid of a sledge-hammer.
On the other hand, Dr. Kurfs was up in
arms, at an early hour, and called on Mayor
Workman to find out by what authority the
doors in his building were broken down.
Yesterday afternoon the report was
started that the officers who were in the
raid were to be prosecuted for housebreak-
ing, but this is probably only a bluff for the
purpose of blocking any further attempts
in this line, as if the sledge-hammer prece-
dent is set the gamblers fully realize that it
will play the mischief with their plans, as
there will be no excuse that an entrance
cannot be effected whenever it is desired.
On the other hand, if some proceedings are
instituted, there will be some very interest-
ing reading and decidedly sensational de-
velopments. There was also a report
put up in connection with the affair, but it
proved to be a boomerang, and the pro-
moters yesterday probably felt like the boy
who fired the shotgun—they forgot that the
thing kicked back so hard.

ORPHANS' FAIR.

The Managers Make a Very Good
Thing of It.

The managers of the Orphans' Fair held
at Armory Hall some weeks ago have fig-
ured up their cash, and make the following
statement of moneys received:

Lunch table.....	\$1180.75
Soda water.....	1100.00
New England booth.....	975.00
Campfire booth.....	800.00
Ice cream stand.....	400.00
Fish pond.....	310.00
Prize wheel.....	300.00
Grab box.....	290.00
Variety booth.....	260.00
Gypsy camp.....	254.30
Japanese booth.....	162.90
Candy.....	95.70
Hat stand.....	80.00
Flowers.....	33.75
Postoffice.....	33.35
Door receipts.....	263.60
Cash donations.....	647.00
Total.....	\$7504.15
Expenses.....	600.00
Net proceeds.....	\$6904.15

The above result is beyond the most san-
guine expectations, and shows how assidu-
ously the ladies in charge of the fair labored
for its success.

To these the sisters desire to express their
thanks, as well as to the committee of gen-
tlemen who generously gave their time to
the good cause. Special thanks are ten-
dered to the presiding dignitaries, Mr. J.
Hank, Prof. Gardner, Prof. Fischer, J.
Hilch and the Native Sons.

All who have helped the cause of the
orphans by giving their time, money, con-
tributions, fancy articles, etc., are grate-
fully remembered by the sisters, who return
their heartfelt thanks.

The following uncalled for prizes are at
the disposal of the committee:

Table cover, No. 94; angora rug,
No. 140; fancy rug, No. 80; plush lambr-
quin, No. 147; gold cane, No. 307; oil paint-
ing, Mrs. Laura Lockhart, residence 1288
South Olive street; fancy table, No. 78;
doll, No. 33; satin quilt, No. 75; portrait of
Bishop Mera, No. 130.

CITY LAND.

The Temple-Street Dispute Settled
Satisfactorily.

A meeting of the committee of the Council
appointed to investigate the matter of the
Montana tract was held at the Mayor's
office yesterday morning. The land in
question is a part of the reservoir site out
on Temple street, over a portion of which
the city has a perpetual right to overflow.
The owners of the tract, Messrs. Pickett
and Kelly, some time ago made an applica-
tion to the City Council for a quit-claim deed
to the land, in consideration of which they
would donate a tract of seven acres to the
city for park purposes. The matter was
discussed at some length at the time, and
the Mayor and several Councilmen went
out and inspected the ground, a full report
of which was published in The Times. The
Council passed an ordinance giving the
deed as requested, which was vetoed by the
Mayor, who asked the appointment of a
committee to investigate the subject, and
Messrs. Cohn, Rosbyshell and Lovell were
appointed as such committee. At the meet-
ing yesterday the owners of the tract were
represented by Judge George H. Smith, as
their attorney, who explained the situation
from his clients' standpoint. His Honor
stated the grounds of his objections, which
were sustained by the committee. After
some discussion, a compromise was pro-
posed, by which the city is to have the abso-
lute deed to certain portion of the land, in
consideration of its relinquishing all rights
as to overflow, and it is probable that such
an arrangement can be made.

JOHN REBBEL.

A Queer Case Disposed of Yester-
day.

Justice Taney yesterday dismissed the
charge of embezzlement against John Reb-
ber, and ordered him discharged from cus-
tody. Rebber is a contractor, and agreed to
do certain work for B. Conkleman, who
paid him in advance, a gold watch being
part of the consideration. After securing the
watch Rebber failed to complete his con-
tract, and disposed of the timepiece.
Conkleman tried to obtain the return of the
watch, and failing to do so caused Rebber's
arrest. The Council for the defendant made
the most powerful appeal for his client, and
claimed that the arrest was due to "animus."
In definition of the "animus" coun-
sel cited the fact that when Rebber
called on Conkleman at the latter's house,
Rebber kept his hat on his head, and was
told by Conkleman to "remove it, in a loud
and angry tone, thus showing animus." It
was "animus" that saved Rebber.

UNITED STATES GRAND JURY.

A Partial Report Made in Open
Court.

The United States Grand Jury made a
partial report yesterday to Judge Ross, in the
United States District Court, and presented
four indictments, on which bench warrants
were ordered issued, with bail set at \$500 on
each indictment. The jury ignored the
charges of selling liquor to Indians, in and
around San Bernardino, against A. F.
Dickey, George Dehan, Robert Jones, John
Benninger and John O'Day, and ordered
the defendants discharged from custody.

"Jim" Powelson.

James Powelson, a notorious "mac" who
has been run out of all the principal cities
in the northern portion of the State, and re-
cently arrested in this city for vagrancy,
applied for a change of venue in Justice
Austin's court yesterday. Powelson was
dressed in the height of fashion and dis-
played much valuable jewelry on his per-
son. The application will be argued Satur-
day.

The Powelson case is peculiar one. It
has been pending for the past eight months
and has been set for trial a number of
times, but continuances have been secured
and the whole fight of his attorneys has
been to gain time. When Justice Austin
decided that a jury could not be demanded
for offenses of this kind, the attorneys at
once saw that if it came to trial it would re-
sult in a conviction, as a defense could be
made, and that staving off the matter was
their only hope. Another feature that has
come out in the past week or two is that
strong political influences are being brought
to bear to secure Powelson's release, as
well as several other "maes" arrested about
the same time. In fact, one political strike
has had the cheek to approach the officer
prosecuting the case, to whom he said that
he intended to beat him, and would see that
the man was cleared. Justice Austin's de-
cision will be awaited with a great deal of
interest, as, if he should grant the change
of venue, similar motions will probably be
made in the other cases.

Affairs in the City.

Complaints were filed and writs issued
yesterday in the cases of C. Loog, the
dealer, and 12 players, arrested last Monday
night at the raid by the police on T. J.
Webber's faro game at 265 North Main
street. No date was set for the arraignment
of the defendants.

UNA CASA VIEJA.

DEMOLITION OF AN OLD-TIME
HISTORIC BUILDING.

Where the Spanish Alcaldes of the
Ancient Regime Used to Dispense
Justice—"La Calle de los Ne-
gros." Otherwise "Cochon Alley."

The extensive adobe block fronting on
the Plaza, now being demolished by the
owner, Mrs. Doris Jones, is probably one
of the oldest buildings in this pueblo. The
first, Spanish settlers built their houses on
the prominence overlooking the river,
around and east of the Plaza. Indeed, it is
easy to imagine that before gamblers and
Chinamen took possession of the locality
which is now known as "Negro Alley," or
"la Calle de los Negros," as the Spanish
people call it, must have been one of the
most desirable sites for dwellings in the
new town.

The old patriarch, Don Antonio Maria
Lugo, who owned the San Antonio and La-
guana ranches in this county, and whose
sons owned nearly all of the San Ber-
nardino Valley, for many years made his
home in one of the large adobe houses on
the east side of Negro Alley. The Sanchez,
Pico and other grandees clustered about
the Plaza. Later on, Don Augustin Olvera
resided north of the Plaza and adjoining
the Jones block, now undergoing demoli-
tion. This latter (Jones block) was used
as United States courthouse for a number
of years prior to 1861. It then belonged to
ex-Gov. Downey. Afterward he and his
family occupied it as a residence. Subse-
quently he sold it to a wealthy wholesale
grocer, John Jones, well remembered by old
citizens, who lived in it till his death, and
his family continued to reside there for sev-
eral years afterward. Portions of it were
cut away not very long ago to widen the
extension of Main street. The entire build-
ing, or series of buildings constituting the
block, now give way to make room for a
modern five-story hotel and opera-
house.

Hon. I. S. K. Ogier was the presiding
judge, and Pacificus Ord was the United
States District Attorney during the time
this old building was used as a United States
courthouse. Here in this venerable pile of
adobe, in the good old Democratic times,
when the Democracy ruled the roost in this
halcyon, that grand old party (as it
then claimed to be) used to hold its conven-
tions and indulge in its fierce factional
fights. For its "Rose Water" and "Pung
Lily" were used to fight each other with
greater ferocity, in those early times, when
the Republicans here were but a few feeble
folk, than they did the Republicans them-
selves. There are yet numerous old-timers
who vividly remember the convention held
in 1859 in this same old courthouse, when
the two factions, one led by J. Lancaster
Brent, a very astute lawyer and politician,
and the other by ex-Gov. Downey, elected
two sets of delegates to the State Con-
vention that afterward nominated Milton S.
Latham and John G. Downey for Governor
and Lieutenant Governor respectively. Al-
though the Brent faction claimed, and
many outsiders believed, that the Downey
faction was in the minority, the latter man-
aged to hold the fort, whilst the former ad-
vanced another place for Downey "got
there" all the same in the end, for he was
elected Lieutenant Governor, and as
Latham was at the outset of his Govern-
mental term made a United States Senator,
Downey became Governor, and his con-
temporaries used to say that really he made
one of the best Governors that California
had ever had.

It was at this same convention before its
disruption that the rather neat piece of
sharp practice was evolved of the Chair
voting twice, i. e. as a member, and then as
chairman giving a casting vote. William
C. Ross, now a resident of San Francisco,
by Charles Duane in a quarrel about land,
was chairman of the convention before the
split, and of the Downey wing after. Mr.
C. Ross, now a resident of this city,
was president of the Brent faction. Col. J.
J. Warner, who was then editing a semi-
weekly Democratic paper of Douglas pro-
perties, strongly backed up Downey.
Brent's lieutenant was Col. R. J. C.
Kewen, John W. Shore and others. In-
deed the entire local Democratic party was
all torn up in that notable convention held
at the close of June, 1859, in this old
United States courthouse on the Plaza.

But old adobe and Bourbon Democracy
are getting out of fashion, and modern pro-
gress and Republicanism are gradually but
surely taking their place.
The building is almost 100 years old, and
before it was occupied by ex-Gov. Downey,
it was the home of the Alcaldes, or Spanish
Judges, of the pueblo, and one portion was
used for a courtroom and jail.

In those days the whipping-post was in
use, and up to a couple of years ago, the
old post still was used at a house on the
street in front of the building, and was used
by Mrs. Jones as a hitching-post.

At one date in the history of this ancient
adobe it was occupied by gamblers, and
thousands of dollars' worth of money were
lost there. There are now in Los Angeles old-timers
who can remember the good old days when
they used to march into the handsomely-
furnished room, with a pack of 550 gold
slugs on their shoulders and gamble them
off in a single night.

During this time it is said that a large
sum of money was buried somewhere about
the premises, and it is possible that wonder-
ful discoveries will be made while the men
are removing the dirt. Seekers after lost treas-
ure are liable to get left unless they are up
and doing. The dirt that captures the
worm gets up at 3 a.m.

Excavating was begun yesterday, and
Mrs. Jones expects to have her building
completed in about ten days. It will cost
\$250,000, and will be one of the finest
buildings in the city.

Rot, Gall, Humbug and Fiction.

(Tribune, Dec. 11.)
For the city printing the Herald and
Times put in bids, the Herald's bid being
90 cents per inch for the first insertion and
50 cents for each subsequent insertion, and
The Times 90 cents and 42 cents. The
Tribune put in no bid, for the advertising
space of this paper is far too high priced
for the city's purse.

The Tribune is the paper that once took
the contract to do this work at ten and five
cents per inch respectively, and has for
months filled its columns with "dead" ad-
vertisements paying it not a cent. And yet
it has the hardihood to publish the above
statement!

Remember Saturday's Excursion.

To the Hotel Coronado. Go and try the
splendid waters from the Otay Springs. For
kidney diseases it is pronounced to be equal
to the celebrated Waukesha Springs, the best
in the world.

The St. Plmo Hotel.

First class; strictly European plan; Spanish
and French restaurants; excellent; reasonable
rates; 34 North Main street.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our heartfelt thanks to
the many friends and neighbors for their un-
tiring kindness during our late bereavement;
especially to Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Sheward for
their generous remembrance. Mrs. A. W.
Alexander, Jennie B. Alexander.

Removal.

C. F. Heinzelman, druggist and chemist, has
removed to his old quarters, 122 North Main
street, in the Lanfranco building.

The Leading Painters.

Are Swartz & Whomes, 323 and 324 South Main
street, Telephone 612. The finest work of
paints and oils in the city. Give them a trial.
House and sign painting a specialty.

"Appetite Comes With Eating."

Bread from Sperry's flour. Try it.

To Water Boarders.

"Beautiful Carmel" has charming rooms
and an excellent table. Terms reasonable.
Address Mrs. Jeanne C. Carr, Pasadena. 13

Imperial figs. At H. Jern's.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she became a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

HOW I SUFFERED

Seventeen years from a Skin Disease.
Could not walk or dress myself. A
mass of disease from head to foot.
Cured in eight weeks by the Cuti-
cure Remedies.

At the age of three months a rash (which
afterward proved to be eczema or salt rheum)
made its appearance on my face. A physician
was called. He said teaching was the cause;
he prescribed some cooling medicine, but the
sores spread to my ears and head. Another
M. D. was called. He professed to know all
about the case, called it "King's Evil," and
prescribed gunpowder, brimstone and lard
mixed into a salve; but the disease continued
and was utterly helpless. My mother
could not do anything with it. Another
prescribed borax, water and flour; another,
linseed poultices. None of them did me any
good at all, but made me worse. The disease
continued unabated; it spread to my arms
and legs, and I was laid up in bed, and from
continually sitting on the floor on a pillow my
limbs contracted so that I lost all control of
them, and was utterly helpless. My mother
would have to lift me out and into bed. I
could get around the house on my hands and
feet, but I could not get my clothes on at all,
and had to wear a sort of dressing gown. My
hair had matted down or fallen off, and my
head, face and ears were one seal, and I had
to have a towel on my head all the time in the
summer to keep the flies off. My parents con-
sulted a prominent physician and surgeon
here in Chicago (the other physicians before
mentioned were of Dundas and Hamilton,
Candali. He said he could do nothing for me.
He wanted to cut the sinews of my legs, so
that I could walk; but I would not let him, for
I could get better I would have no more of
them.

The disease continued in this manner until
I was ten years old, and one day in January,
1878, I read an account in the Tribune of your
CUTICURE REMEDIES. It described my case so
exactly that I thought at last I had found a
cure for my trial.

When I first applied them I was all raw and
bleeding from scratching myself, but I went
to sleep, almost immediately—something I had
not done for years—the effect was so soothing.

W. J. McARDY, JR.,
372 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill., June 30, 1887.
Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURE, 50c;
Cuticure Soap, 25c. Sold by the
POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston,
Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped
and oily skin prevented by CUTICURE
SOAP.

Constitutional Catarrh.
No single disease has entailed more suffer-
ing or hastened the breaking up of the consti-
tution than Catarrh. The sense of smart-
ing, of taste, of sight, of hearing, the
human voice, the mind—no or more,
sometimes all yield to its
destructive influence. The poison it distrib-
utes throughout the system attacks every
vital force, and breaks up the most robust
of constitutions.

Ignored, because but little understood, by
most physicians, it is impotently treated by
quacks and charlatans, these suffering from
it have little hope to be relieved of it this
side of the grave. It is time, then, that the popu-
lar treatment of a terrible disease by reme-
dies within the reach of all passed into hands
of one competent and trustworthy. The new
and hitherto untitled method adopted by
Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his RADI-
CAL CURE has won the hearty approval
of thousands. It is instantaneous in
affording relief in all colds, sneezing,
coughing and obstructed breathing, and rap-
idly removes the most oppressive symptoms,
clearing the head, sweetening the breath, re-
storing the senses of smell, taste and hearing,
and neutralizing the constitutional tenden-
cy of the disease toward the lungs, liver and
kidneys.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one
bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one bottle of
CATARRH SOLVENT, and IMPROVED INHA-
LER; price, \$1.
POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

KIDNEY PAINS,

Strains and Weaknesses.

Relieved in one minute by that
marvelous Antidote to Pain, In-
flammation and Weakness, the CUTI-
CURE Anti-Pain Master. The
first and only pain-killing strength-
ening plaster extant. Sold at all
druggists. 25 cents; 50c for 50c, or postage
free, of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.,
Boston, Mass.

Uncle Sam's.

THE ART STORE,

29 South Spring street.

Announces an elegant display of

Holiday Novelties, Fine Pictures,

Artistic Frames, Mirrors, Artists' Materials,
Christmas and Congratulatory Cards.

THE LOWEST PRICES

FRANKLIN & KÜGEMANN,

29 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

Dr. LIEBIG & Co.

The European Medical Staff of Surgeons
and Physicians from the LIEBIG DISPEN-
SARY AND INTERNATIONAL SURGICAL
INSTITUTE, San Francisco, Cal. will have
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ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

The Times

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,
President and General Manager.
C. C. ALLEN, Vice-President and Bus. Manager.
Wm. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

Vol. XV. No. 9

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Also, 134 reams flat news print, size 30x44, and 12 reams, size 35x47, which we want to sell.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

Women vote at an election in Boston.

Democratic Congressmen caucus at their course toward the Territories.

The German Government defines its policy regarding East Africa.

De Lesseps's last hope for saving the Panama Canal Company.

Terrific mine disaster in Colorado.

Meeting of the National Sabbath Union at Washington.

Testimony in the Farnell investigation.

A matricide hanged at Riverhead, L. I.

King Milan's abdication probable.

Proceedings in Congress.

Judge Cooley lectures rate-cutters at Chicago.

The Car again complains of the tone of the German press.

New solution of the fisheries question.

Prohibitionists resolve to work the Southern States.

A Rockford (Ill.) man threatened by White Caps.

Miners at Beaver, Mo., again making trouble.

Tragedy at Cooville, Tex.

Meeting of the Viticultural Commission at San Francisco.

Fire at Santa Cruz.

The Unitarian Conference in session at San Diego.

Election for State Senator in Yuba and Sutter counties.

Sugar lower in Yuba and Sutter counties.

San Bernardino raises the liquor license.

The Kentucky mine case at San Francisco.

Utah's election law declared void.

Spaulding killed at Ft. McDowell, Ariz.

Children at Bishop's Creek poisoned with wild raspberries.

A pay-train on the Sonora Railway fired into.

Sale of thoroughbreds at Lexington, Ky.

Strike of switchmen at Toledo, O.

Civil Service Commissioner Edgerton denies having resigned.

McCaffrey challenged to a fight by Jack Fallon.

The will of Mahlon Sands sustained at New York.

More fighting at San Juan.

A great storm raging on the Atlantic Coast.

A 28-year sentence imposed for cruelty to animals at Taylorville, Ill.

An old lady tortured by robbers at Uniontown, Pa.

Virginia Republicans blaming Mahone for their defeat.

There is a fair prospect for the passage of the Fremont retirement bill.

We may not get State division just yet, but it is only a question of time, and not of a very long time, either.

The Courier claims that the statistics of the death rate demonstrate that San Bernardino is the healthiest city in California.

SENATOR ALLISON says he has not been offered, and has not refused, the portfolio of the Treasury in Gen. Harrison's Cabinet.

RUSSIA is threatening Persia, Suakim has been reinforced, and the outcome cordial is about to be knocked far into the middle of next week.

The Atlanta Constitution says: "The South has one consolation. The 'possum season has just begun.' The 'possum is an issue in the South now."

EMPEROR WILLIAM, finding time from the cares of state to write a book, is engaged upon a narrative of recent visits, to be illustrated by the royal hand.

The President's scheme to insert Perry Belmont into the Spanish mission, just at the close of Grover's term, will probably be balked by the Senate. That is a Republican plum, you know.

The Courier-Journal, the Cincinnati Enquirer and the New York Graphic are unanimous in demanding that every Democrat holding Federal office resign on March 4th. The advice is good.

GEN. ALGER has a good many friends who wish to see him in the Cabinet. He was a prominent candidate for the Republican nomination for the Presidency, receiving over 100 votes.

WARREN, the lately-resigned chief of police of London, who had to leave his office for incompetency or something akin to it, thinks he can settle matters at Suakim, and is going to "try it on."

The Interstate Commerce Law is proving to be a regular Pandora's box, if we are to believe the commissioners whose duty it is to interpret the act. When the truth is found out, we apprehend that it will not be so much the law as its violators who are at fault.

THERE is one Republican Congressman who takes his seat today a much bigger figure in national politics than he was when he sat down in the same chair a year ago. His name is William McKinley, Jr. (New York Sun).

And where is the Democrat who can stand up to his rival? (Chicago Inter Ocean).

For Speaker of the House, Maj. William McKinley, Jr. of Ohio.

State Division.

The San Diego Sun, which is opposed to State division, gives double-leaded prominence to the following statement, made in justice to Gen. Vandever, the author of the new bill introduced in the House:

"We have no will to do any man an injustice, and therefore desire to set Congressman Vandever right. We rather ultimately doubt his wisdom in proposing the bill for the separation of the State. Information placed in our possession yesterday by Justice W. H. Russell indicates that Mr. Vandever knew what he was doing. The early settlers of the southern counties were wise in their generation, and built better than they knew. At the first constitutional convention, in 1849 at Monterey, they demanded recognition, and were satisfied with the promise that the taxation should be equal and uniform throughout the State." This official recognition was supplemented by an enactment of the Legislature in 1859—just ten years later—which gave the southern counties the right, under the usual contract, to form a new State. This act was entitled "An act granting the consent of the Legislature to the formation of a different government for the southern counties of this State."

This act was approved April 18, 1859, was submitted to the people as provided, and accepted by them by an almost unanimous vote. This act has never been repealed. In accordance with its provisions every legal necessary step for separation was taken then, and the consent of Congress alone is now needed.

In view of these facts Mr. Vandever's bill is entirely unjust and reasonable one, in which the other five congressmen have no earthly interest. The consent of their constituents has been already obtained; Congress alone has to decide. Still we oppose the measure.

We are not sure of the soundness of the above-stated ground. The position is theoretically correct, no doubt, but when it comes—or if it ever comes—to a practical test, we apprehend that the whole work will have to be done over again, ignoring the previous legislation on the subject, had thirty years ago, since which time material changes in conditions and circumstances have made a "new deal" necessary before separation can be accomplished. At least there is every probability that this will be the view taken on the matter by the Legislature, by the people of the northern part of the State, and by Congress itself. So that, as a practical measure, suited to the present case, the act of 1859 will probably be found nil.

The Subject of Sewage Again.

Any light on the question of the proper disposition and management of the city's sewage is now in order. The following letter to Dr. H. S. Orme, President of the State Board of Health, from a member of the State Board of Health of Rhode Island, contains some points worthy the attention of our city authorities, who are just now struggling with the sewage problem, and have in mind the adoption of the West system:

H. S. Orme, M.D., President State Board of Health of California—DEAR DOCTOR:

In regard to sewage disposal by irrigation, we have had but little personal experience. Two years ago, eight or nine acres of land were prepared for intermittent irrigation and filtration, by tile and pipe drainage, below the front line, with suitable surface canals, ditches, gates, etc., for the sewage of the State Insane Asylum, houses of correction and almshouses—a population of about 1300 souls, i.e., if they all had sons—say 1300 persons. The sewerage fields were 25 inches in height, with light complexion and light-colored mustache. He had on a white slouch hat, with a butternut overcoat and black knee coat. The telegram was handed to Detectives Harris and Metzler, who met the train from the north last night and captured their man, who was found just as described. Black made no resistance and was brought to the station where he was locked up for the night. Constable French was notified, and Black will be held here until he can come down after him. No particulars of the affair were learned.

Wanted to Die.

Last night between 11 and 12 o'clock a bartender named Harry Meyers walked into the Gem saloon, on First street, and called for a drink. A glass was handed to him, and he went to the rear of the saloon, poured some liquid from a small vial into it, and was about to drink it down, when the bartender snatched it from his hand. The bottle was found to contain laudanum, and the police office was notified, when Officer Jackson brought Meyers in, holding him for medical treatment. Meyers has been out of work for some time, and has been drinking heavily. He formerly worked at the Nadeau bar, and when sober can always do well, but will go on sprees, and when he is sobering up is very despondent. He will be taken care of until he is himself again.

Smallpox at Merced.

MERCED, Dec. 11.—In accordance with their agreement, the Board of Health has notified the people of Merced of the discovery of one case of smallpox in the town, but state that all precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Big Cut in Sugar.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—This morning the California Refinery Company issued a new price schedule. A wholesale cut was made all around. The standard sugar is now 7 1/2 cents a pound, or 1 cent lower than yesterday. Confectioners' is 7 cents, and other white grades 7 1/2 cents.

Poisoned with Wild Parsnips.

BISHOP CREEK, Dec. 11.—A party of children playing near here yesterday ate a quantity of wild parsnips. One, a son of J. H. Jackson, died almost immediately from the effects, and two others are in a precarious condition.

Killed by a Chinaman.

PHOENIX (ARIZ.), Dec. 11.—George F. Parks, a well-known Commercial Hotel of Phoenix, was stabbed and killed by a Chinese cook, Ah Lee, last night. The murderer was caught and lodged in jail.

San Bernardino's High License.

SAN BERNARDINO, Dec. 11.—The Board of City Trustees passed an ordinance raising the city liquor license from \$10 to \$50 per month, and closing the saloons at midnight. The city and county now amount to \$800 a year.

Proposed Press Association.

PASADENA, Dec. 11.—Invitations are extended by the press of Pasadena to editors of the Sixth Congressional District to form a Southern California press association.

That would be putting it upon a ridiculously narrow basis—not intimating for a moment that the journals of the neighboring metropolises are any less than "broad-gauge"—four feet eight in the clear.

"MR. BLAINE'S PROSPECTS—Reasons Why He May Not be Called to the Cabinet," etc., was the heading of a dispatch dated Chicago, December 10, 1888, dubbed "Special," and published in the Tribune "on yesterday." This dispatch was a special to the Philadelphia Press, in which it appeared several days ago. A copy of the paper can be seen on file in the Union League rooms. The Tribune continues to practice fraud and deception in its news and editorial course.

HEAVY storms fret the Atlantic Coast, while favoring winds, soporific calm, soft weather, bright sunshine and delightful days are the rule on the Pacific Coast. The contrast is alluring to all who have had an opportunity to personally experience its marked character.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE OPERA-HOUSE.—Vacation went off with a great deal more spirit and a great deal less delay in getting started than on its opening night. The machinery of the fun did not break quite so audibly, and the performers as a whole seemed to have lost about five years of trouble.

The little sermon on charity which Mr. Daly interjects into his song about "Lovely Woman" is being discriminatingly the funniest thing of the whole evening, especially as the men in the audience seem undecided whether to consider it a joke or not.

Vacation for the last time tonight.

Highly Mysterious and Somewhat Awful.

(Tribune, Dec. 11.)

THE NEW COUNCIL.

Wait—once second—now that we think of it, the Democrats did not elect to that position. The Republicans elected the President by voting with anti-caucus-bolting Democrats. Mr. Kuhns knows a thing or two himself, and then he has shrewd and influential backers. It really looks as though Mayor Workman were still a considerable power.

His states will be written, for the caucus is not to be abandoned entirely. Who will the caucus name for Chief of Police? We hope he may be an able and a good man; but whoever he may be, will Mayor Workman allow him to be elected? Will the Republicans continue to take a hand in the fights? We will not advise them what to do. We will not even warn them of the danger of being made, in consequence of their actions, to share an oppressive responsibility. [See]

A GERMAN HOSPITAL.

To Be Built in This City by Wealthy

The German Hospital Benevolent Society is a new association, organized from our German citizens, for the purpose of mutual aid and benefit. The immediate object of the society is to build a new and handsome hospital, with all the modern improvements, for the benefit of members of that nationality. It will be a building that will be a pride to the city.

The first meeting was held a week ago Sunday night, at Fuenyren Hall, when a considerable number of gentlemen were present. Last Sunday evening another meeting was held, at which nine directors were elected, who met Monday night and chose the following officers:

Dr. Gottschalk, president; Dr. Joseph Kurtz, vice-president; Dr. R. Wernick, secretary, and H. Slater, treasurer. Drs. Kurtz and Wernick were appointed as consulting physicians.

This move is principally due to the limited facilities of hospital accommodation and to the large increase of German population in this city. The telegram was handed to Detectives Harris and Metzler, who met the train from the north last night and captured their man, who was found just as described. Black made no resistance and was brought to the station where he was locked up for the night. Constable French was notified, and Black will be held here until he can come down after him. No particulars of the affair were learned.

A MERCED MAN.

He Attempts to Defraud His Creditors and is Arrested.

Yesterday Chief Benedict received a telegram from Constable French at Merced, asking him to arrest a man named A. M. Black, who was attempting to leave the State for the purpose of defrauding his creditors. Black was said to be traveling with his wife and two small children, and was described as being about 30 years of age, of medium height, 5 feet 7 inches in height, with light complexion and light-colored mustache. He had on a white slouch hat, with a butternut overcoat and black knee coat. The telegram was handed to Detectives Harris and Metzler, who met the train from the north last night and captured their man, who was found just as described. Black made no resistance and was brought to the station where he was locked up for the night. Constable French was notified, and Black will be held here until he can come down after him. No particulars of the affair were learned.

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WASHINGTON.

Lively Caucus of Democratic Congressmen.

They Count Their Eggs in the Territorial Basket.

The Mossbackers Bound to Keep the Would-be Sisters Out.

California's Plea for a Place in the Cabinet Received at the Capital—The Senate Debates the Tariff Bill—Other Washington News.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—[By the Associated Press.] The first caucus of the session was held by the Democrats of the House this evening. Mr. Springer stated that the main object of the caucus was to permit the Democrats to take some action looking to the admission of the Territories.

Mr. Cox favored the admission of all Territories except Utah and New Mexico. He said the Democratic party might as well gain the good will of the Territories as their ill will. The people of Dakota preferred a division on the forty-seventh parallel almost unanimously, and he was of the opinion that their desires should be listened to. Washington, Montana and Idaho should be given enabling acts at once. The great Territory of Dakota should be divided, and the Democrats should secure the prestige which would certainly come to them from favorable action in their caucus. They had lost Minnesota at the last election because they had failed to admit Dakota, which was on the same isothermal line.

Mr. McDonald offered the following resolution:

Resolved, that it is the sense of the caucus that the Territory of Dakota be divided into two Territories, and States ultimately." Mr. Cox offered the following:

Resolved, that the sense of the caucus that a day be fixed for sometime after the holidays for consideration of the Territorial questions in so far as they affect the admission of States, and that the committee on Territories, shall be from the Committee on Territories, there shall be no limitation on amendments which are germane, and that in the order of proceeding the vote shall be on any bill not affecting the Territory of Dakota or its division or any amendment thereto, and that this caucus does not seek to bind any member on the vote taken on any proposition.

Mr. Oates of Alabama dissented from the view advanced by Mr. Cox. He regarded the question of the admission of the Territories as largely political, and believed that the interests of the Democratic party should be considered. He did not see the force of the argument that admitting the Territories at the present would mean the Democratic.

If the people of the Territories had so little idea of Democracy, they should be left out until they learned better the principles of the Democratic party. He ridiculed the idea that a Republican Congress, with a majority of from one to three in the House, would be allowed to have its own way in regard to the admission of the Territories. Congress go slowly. Colorado had been admitted by a Democratic Congress, and he saw nothing Democratic about it.

"TO SHEOL," SAYS BIGGS.

Mr. Biggs of California favored the dividing of Dakota and the admission of South Dakota. "To sheol with the policy of preventing a Territory from being admitted in regular course," he said.

Mr. Holman of Indiana supported the "Omaha Bill," and offered resolutions to that effect.

Mr. Spinoia of New York said that he would oppose the admission of Territories in every way he could, and in 1892, with a bunch, saying that the Democratic party would march on to victory. He did not believe in sentimental measures.

Mr. McDonald of New Jersey deprecated any concessions to the Republican party.

Mr. McDonald predicted that if the Democrats did not admit Dakota it would be Republican for years. Let the Democrats admit Dakota, and not the Democrats in the Northwest, but political mistakes, such as the refusal to admit Dakota, had been responsible for the result.

MORE DEMOCRATIC WISDOM.

Mr. Weaver of Iowa favored the "Omaha Bill" and the admission of all Territories except Utah.

Mr. Toole of Montana spoke in favor of admitting that Territory, predicting that if that were done she would send two Democrats to the Senate; otherwise she would be Republican for a decade.

Mr. Blair of Missouri said in 1892 the seat of war would not be in New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, but in the West. Let the Democratic party follow Horace Greeley's advice and "go west and grow up with the country."

Mr. Voorhees of Washington Territory attributed the Republican majority in that Territory to the failure of the Democrats to pass enabling acts for its admission. Without taking any action the caucus adjourned until Thursday evening.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON (D. C.), Dec. 11.—[By the Associated Press.] Senate.—Mr. Chandler presented in the Senate this morning a petition praying for investigation into alleged deprivation of the right to vote for electors and Congressmen in North Carolina last month. The petition was signed by 1000 residents of Zeigler precinct, Orangeburg county, N. C. It recites that they endeavored to comply with the registration law of the State, but were prevented. Then, on the day of election, they were refused the right to vote. A letter accompanying the petition, which Mr. Chandler also presented, stated that 268 voters of Orangeburg county were deprived of their right of franchise. Their names were taken at the polls as fast as their owners were refused the privilege of depositing ballots.

The petition and letter were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Frye's resolution of yesterday, instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire into the state of affairs at the Samoan Islands was reported back from the Committee on Contingent Expenses, and agreed to.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the Tariff Bill, the pending question being the Harris amendment to reduce the duty on beans and griders from 1-10 cent per pound to 1-10 cent.

Mr. Vest, referring to Mr. Sherman's speech yesterday, denied the assertion that the late election settled the question of tariff reduction. He (Mr. Vest) was disabused by the result. The question would last as long as the country endured, because it involved a fundamental difference in the construction of the Constitution, aside from policies of government. If the position of the Republican party today was correct (unlimited taxation for the purpose of protection) the war would never cease, because it was, in his judgment, a subversion of principles of government and its autonomy. Although the Senator might be right in stating that the election was a triumph of the protection principle, he absolutely denied, in the most emphatic terms, that it settled the question as to the details of the bill. The people had not meant to endorse the Senate substitute. For himself, he would exercise his right to criticize and oppose every single provision of the substitute, although it should take up the balance of the session.

Mr. Sherman reaffirmed his statement, and said the reduction was over 90 per cent.

Mr. Vest continued to discuss the steel trust as a "gigantic devilish combination," which put an immense amount of money into the pockets of its members in

the name of American labor and protecting "infant industries."

Mr. Gorman spoke at length on the matter, and said they all understood very well that the Senate substitute was framed during the campaign for political purposes.

The debate continued at great length by Messrs. McPherson, Allison, Vest, Aldrich, Frye and Gorman. In the course of it, Mr. Allison disclaimed the idea that the Senate substitute had been prepared for political purposes. There had never been a time when the Finance Committee did not know that a revision of the tariff and reduction of the revenue was absolutely necessary. The bill had been prepared by the Finance Committee on their responsibility as Senators, and not for the base purpose of making party capital. They did not claim that it was immaculate, and knew that it was open to revision.

The debate then drifted into a discussion of a political nature, which finally closed, and Mr. Harris's amendment was rejected—39 to 20. All the Republican Senators voted in the negative and with them voted Senators McPherson and Payne. Mr. Gorman did not vote at all.

Mr. Vest then moved to fix the rate on steel beams at 1 cent per pound.

Mr. Allison assented to that on the part of the Finance Committee, saying that he had been instructed to offer the amendment and would have done so if he had been recognized by the Chair. The amendment was agreed to without division, and steel beams stand at 1 cent per pound.

An amendment offered by Mr. Jones of Arkansas, to make cotton ties free of duty, came next to much discussion. It was not disposed of, the Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

House.—The House, after the reading of the journal, went into Committee of the Whole on the Direct Tax Bill.

Mr. Allen of Mississippi could find no warrant in the Constitution for refunding the direct tax.

Mr. Seney of Ohio supported the bill, whose purpose, he said, had been grossly misrepresented. If the bill passed, it would place each and every State where it stood in 1861 when the tax was levied.

Mr. Buckalew of Pennsylvania argued against the policy of taking money from the national treasury for distribution among the States, and in the name of Pennsylvania he protested against throwing into her treasury the sum of \$2,000,000 to disarrange a well-conceived plan and well-understood financial system, and to test the wisdom and integrity of her Legislature.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Germany Will Hang Onto East Africa.

The Czar Complains Bitterly of Berlin Press Attacks.

Yelling Anarchists Disturb the Repose of Emperor William.

King Milan Expected to Abandon the Serbian Throne in Favor of His Son—The Panama Canal Company in Desperate Straits—De Lesseps' Scheme.

By Telegraph to The Times.

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Count Herbert Bismarck's expected exposition of the Government's policy in regard to East Africa was made to the Foreign Committee of the Reichstag today. Despite an attempt at secrecy, it has transpired that Count Herbert declared that the Government would take measures for the permanent security of the German possessions in East Africa, but was not in a position to submit a positive plan, demanding the attention of the committee. He trusted that the Reichstag would show sympathy with the commercial enterprises in East Africa, an expression which was taken to mean that the Government would incline to support the East African Company's volunteer land force project. The impression left by Count Herbert's statement is that the Government's plans are not matured, and that Prince Bismarck is still corresponding with Lord Salisbury regarding the land operations. Lieut. Wiseman's preparations will be completed in a week. He proposes to start for Zanzibar in a fortnight, and has presented a report to the Emperor on the route and prospects of the expedition.

PAPER POLEMICS.

The Czar, through his ambassador at Berlin, Count Schouvaloff, has expressed irritation at German hostility to the Russian loan. Count Schouvaloff was specially called to Gatchina last week to explain why the German semi-official press had attacked the loan. In the course of the interview it is reported that the Czar said that the efforts to defeat the loan would be stopped if friendly relations between himself and Emperor William were desired; that the language of the German papers was personally offensive, and that he would hold the Berlin Government responsible for it.

UNLUCKY SOCIALISTS MAKING TROUBLE.

In the Reichstag today the bill for the erection of a national monument to William I passed its first and second readings. The Socialist members had the bad taste and want of tact to vote against the bill. The Socialists attempted another street demonstration on Sunday. After attempting to hold a meeting on the rights of women, which was dissolved by the police, the crowd traversed the Leipziger strasse into Wilhelm Strasse, and proceeded toward Unter-den-Linden, singing the "Workers' March." The police finally dispersed the crowd and made several arrests.

The Emperor directs the attention of the Chief of Police to these demonstrations, which are held in hearing distance of the official residences, and the police are ordered to take vigorous measures to suppress such demonstrations.

Two medical students named Blumne and Eichler fought a duel today with pistols. Blumne was mortally wounded. The duel was the result of a quarrel over the merits of Dr. McKenzie.

DE LESSEPS' SCHEME.

His Last Hope for Saving the Panama Canal Project.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The Panama Canal crisis and the success of the Russian loan absorb exclusive attention. Financiers have hope that the schemes of the Canal Committee will avert the crisis. The Credit Foncier directors maintain their refusal to advance funds to bolster up the Panama company without an explicit guarantee from the Government, with the assent of the Chamber.

The public subscription closes tomorrow. There is small prospect that the bonds will be taken. The reports that the Government will eventually subsidize or give a guarantee for the Panama company are discredited. Financial houses have their eyes open to the fact that America might not tolerate the conversion of the Panama venture into a State enterprise.

De Lesseps has his own schemes to save the project by making it an international one. According to his plan, England, America and other great powers will be invited to contribute in the ratio of their tonnage, with an equivalent share in the control of the canal.

This evening excited scenes were witnessed among the suit investors, discussing the prospects of the Panama Canal Company around the company's office. It is rumored tonight that the company is likely to obtain an advance of \$40,000,000 on its Panama Railway shares. This, it is estimated, will enable the company to meet its engagements until the commission, which it is rumored will be sent to Panama, shall have come to a decision.

THE PARNELL INQUIRY.

Irish Moonlighters and Their Deeds the Main Topic Still.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—At the meeting of the Parnell Commission today, Inspector of Police Ardle testified in relation to the disturbed condition of County Mayo. He said the outrages increased after the issue of the anti-railroad manifesto.

On cross-examination, he said he knew the secret societies were exposed, but did not know the Government supported such societies as a counter force to the league.

David Froody testified that because he paid rent the Moonlighters visited his house and shot his son.

Cross-examined, he said he had been a member of the local league until it was suppressed. He had no reason to believe the league was implicated in the murder. The league and priests belonging to it denounced his son's murder. The league did not object to payment of rents where 25 per cent. reduction had been made.

Miss Thompson testified in detail concerning outrages committed upon men in her employ on the Hurley estate.

On cross-examination witness admitted that she had increased the rentals with a view to improvements which were to be made. One increase amounted to 30 per cent. and the lowest increase was 10 per cent.

GENERAL FOREIGN BUDGET.

THE SERBIAN SITUATION COMPLICATED—Milan's Resignation Probable.

VIENNA, Dec. 11.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The situation in Serbia is critical. The strong radical majority in the Skupstina threatens to reject King Milan's revised constitution. The Government, therefore, has resolved to curtail the deliberations of that body. If the radicals are obstinate, the Skupstina will be indefinitely prorogued. The garrisons in Belgrade and other towns are kept in readiness to crush a revolt. An article inserted in the constitution provides that in case the King abdicates he shall have power to appoint a regent during his son's minority. The article is taken as an indication of the King's intention to abdicate.

THE POPE'S BLESSING REFUSED.

ROME, Dec. 11.—A sensation has been caused by the Pope's refusal to bless the medals and reliquaries sent to Rome by an Irish priest, who intended them for distribution in Ireland. The Pope sternly says: "I cannot bless them. The people of Ireland are disobedient. They seem to prefer the gospel of Dillon and O'Brien to the gospel of Jesus Christ."

SCULLER SEARLE'S EASY VICTORY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—In the four days' international sculling contest here Searle had an easy victory. Beach did not compete in

the final heat, owing to the committee refusing to disqualify Searle and Mattison for fouling him. The first prize was \$500.

THE AUSTRIAN ARMY BILL.

VIENNA, Dec. 11.—The lower house of the Reichsrath has passed the first and second articles of the Army Bill without attention. In the Hungarian Chamber of Deputies there is a growing discontent over the bill, causing Premier Tisza to defer discussion until after Christmas.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S LITHEARY WORM.

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—The National Zeitung denies the sinister rumors regarding Emperor William's health. It is stated that the Emperor is writing a narrative of the events of his recent visits to northern capitals, which will be published with wood cuts from sketches made by himself.

WILL NOT BE HIS JOSEPHINE.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—Mme. Boulanger, in an interview today, denied that she had refused to live with her husband. She complained that he was trying to play Napoleon and make her his Josephine. She then burst into tears and begged to be excused from answering questions.

FIRING AT SUAKIM.

SUAKIM, Dec. 11.—The rebels kept up a continuous firing during the night. The Guma was hit many times. There were no casualties.

A TIGER KILLED.

VIENNA, Dec. 11.—During a performance at Hohenmuth, Bohemia, tonight a female lion-tamer was attacked by the brutes and frightfully lacerated. She died soon after being rescued.

GEN. WARREN'S MISSION.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The Star says Gen. Warren, lately chief of the metropolitan police, is going to Suakim to settle affairs there after the fighting between the British forces and the Arabs is ended.

NOTES.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Lord Hartington has tendered his resignation as a member of the National Liberal Club.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—The Chamber today, by a vote of 545 to 9, adopted the extraordinary budget for 1889, the estimates being fixed at 1,188,800,000.

THE SABBATH UNION.

Great Gathering of Friends of the "Sunday-rest" Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—[By the Associated Press.] The First National Sabbath Convention under the auspices of the American Sabbath Union, recently organized, was held here this evening. Col. Elliott F. Shepherd of the New York Mail and Express presided. A feature of the decorations, which were elaborate and effective, was festoons of petitions to Congress from every part of the country, urging the passage of the bill, which was introduced at the last session and known as the "Sunday-rest" bill. These petitions were attached to a seemingly endless scroll of red ribbon, which reached several times around and across the great auditorium of the church. They contained approximately 6,000,000 names.

Rev. James H. Knowles, general secretary, gave a sketch of the origin of the American Sabbath Union and its reform movement.

Mrs. J. C. Baleham of Painesville, O., superintendent of the Sabbath Observance Department of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, reviewed the history of the movement in her society. Sixty Protestants, over seven million Catholics, and nearly a quarter of a million members of labor organizations, she said, had united in an earnest appeal to Congress for the enforcement of Sabbath laws, and that Sabbath desecration might be checked.

Gen. A. S. Diver of Elmira, N. Y., took the position that Sunday railroad trains were not justified for any part of view.

Rev. W. F. Crafts of New York read extracts from letters from Chief Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers endorsing the movement.

Col. Elliott F. Shepherd, president of the union, delivered the closing address of the evening. All right-thinking persons, he said, must realize the great and growing importance of the Sabbath, taking deep root in the hearts of the American people.

Electing a State Senator.

MARYSVILLE, Dec. 11.—The election in Yuba and Sutter counties for State Senator to succeed the late A. L. Chandler, is progressing quietly today. A large vote was polled.

Returns from most of the large precincts in Yuba and Sutter counties show Greely (Rep.) has a large majority for State Senator over Berry (Dem.). Marysville gives Greely 214 majority. Four Yuba precincts give Berry 88 majority. In Sutter county Yuba City and Meridian give Greely a majority of 48.

The Yaquina Bay Still Aground.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—A telegram from Yaquina City, Or., to Manager Hoag of the Oregon Development Company this afternoon states that the steamer Yaquina Bay, which went aground there on Sunday night, is now resting on the bar, but there are strong hopes of getting her off tomorrow. An examination of her bottom seems to show that she is not materially injured. Divers with wrecking appliances have been sent from this city to assist in saving the steamer.

Writ of Error Granted.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—Judge Sawyer of the United States Circuit Court has granted a writ of error in the case of Charles E. Beach, convicted of subornation of perjury in connection with the illegal cutting of timber in Northern California. The case will come before the Circuit Court for settlement on February 10. Beach will be released on bail in the meantime.

Noted Desperado Captured.

HELENA (Mont.), Dec. 11.—Officers yesterday arrested four horse-thieves in different localities. The most important arrest was that of Henry S. Wyo, by Sheriff Conley of Jeff Edmundson, a member of the notorious Edmundson gang, who is not only wanted for horse-stealing, but for holding up a stage on which Chief Justice Wade was passenger.

A Matricide Hanged.

RIVERHEAD (L. I.), Dec. 11.—Francis Asbury Hawkins was hanged this morning for the murder of his mother, because he opposed his marriage with a young woman to whom he was engaged named Hattie Schreck. The deed was committed in October, 1887. Hawkins was connected with many prominent people here. Recently his girl smuggled a file into his cell to assist him to escape.

A Rich Man's Will Sustained.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The will of Mahlon Sands, the patent-medicine man, which was submitted to the Surrogate for construction, has been sustained. It disposes of several million dollars. His widow, Mary M. Sands, is a niece of Vice-President-elect Morton. All his children except Mabel, a child by his first wife, whose mother provided for her, are well taken care of by the testator.

Instantly Killed.

KNOXVILLE (Tenn.), Dec. 11.—Miss Bynum and Miss Lewis, aged 20 and 15 respectively, were struck by a train while walking on the railroad track near Alexander, last evening, and instantly killed.

Suffocated.

HALIFAX (N. S.), Dec. 11.—A fire occurred last night in Deputy Warden Keef's quarters in Dorchester Penitentiary. Keef was suffocated, and his wife had a narrow escape.

Humors of a Deal.

WILMINGTON (Del.), Dec. 11.—A rumor is current that the Diamond Match Company plant has been sold to a syndicate.

Coal Breaker Burned.

WILKESBARRE (Pa.), Dec. 11.—The Royer coal breaker at Pleasant Valley was destroyed by fire this evening. Loss \$100,000.

Morton to Visit Harrison.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—Vice-President-elect Morton left this afternoon for Indianapolis to confer with Gen. Harrison.

The Dimmig Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—The jurors have been secured in the Dimmig murder case.

A MINE DISASTER.

Fatal Explosion in a Colorado Colliery.

Judge Cooley Reads the Riot Act to Rate-cutters.

A Cruel Brute Given a Twenty-eight-Year's Sentence.

Anti-Mahone Republicans in Virginia Trying to Make Mahone Their Scapgoat—Illinois White Caps Threaten a Prohibitionists with Violence.

By Telegraph to The Times.

DENVER, Dec. 11.—[By the Associated Press.] A special from Canon City, Colo., says: An explosion occurred in shaft No. 2 of the Canfield coal mine at 8:30 last night, resulting in the instant death of Henry Wallace, mine foreman, and Peter Gallo, and the wounding of ten or a dozen others. Of these James Wallace, brother of the foreman, and Henry Deedd are expected to die at any moment. The other wounded are Thomas Shields, Jr., John Murphy, John Finn, James Troven, John Cashan, Thomas Cunningham, and two named James and Jimison. The recovery of three of these is extremely doubtful.

The mine has been on fire since last Thursday, and last night a gang was sent down to endeavor to extinguish the flames. The men had been at work about three hours and had the fire under control, when gas ignited in some unknown manner, and the explosion followed, badly damaging the mine and with terrible results to the men.

THE RATE CUTTERS.

Crooked Railroaders Scored by the Interstate Commission.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—It is said the Interstate Commerce Commission has never before unearthed as much crookedness as is revealed by the present investigation. It appears that all the roads have been employing scalpers to sell their through tickets much below regular rates, thus permitting roads to quote higher proportional rates for short distances. The commission-ers decided that this must be stopped.

Judge Cooley laid down the law to the managers and general passenger agents of the various railroads today. About 200 officials assembled in the committee-room of the Central Traffic Association to hear what the chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission had to say. Judge Cooley unmercifully scored those roads that have been guilty of discrimination in passenger rates by dealing secretly with scalpers. He mentioned names, but gave them to understand that he knew who were the guilty ones, and that he had sufficient evidence in his possession to convict them of frequent violations of the law. He told them the pernicious practice would be stopped at once or the offenders would be prosecuted.

Mr. Cooley talked for nearly one hour, and at the close of his speech Col. Morrison made a few remarks on the same subject. Immediately after the adjournment of the meeting the general passenger agents convened and talked over the situation. The lines between Chicago and St. Paul and those between Chicago and Omaha agreed to give the necessary 10 days' notice tomorrow of the restoration of passenger rates between those points.

Sale of Kentucky Thoroughbreds.

LEXINGTON (Ky.), Dec. 11.—At the auction sale of thoroughbreds this afternoon 54 head brought \$73,150. The Melbourne stables, 38, brought \$61,320. Among the sales were the following: Once more, by Donatelli, dam Elsie Maria, to M. Young of the M. Grathiana stud of Kentucky, \$5995; Blue Rock, by Billet, dam Calumet, to W. G. Gratz of Philadelphia, \$5000; The Lioness, by Billet, dam Elsie Maria, to M. Young of the M. Grathiana stud of Kentucky, \$4000; Retriever, by Duke of Montrose, dam Pattie, to Bold Bros. of Cincinnati, \$3800. Yearlings: Hawkstone, by Hindoo, dam Imogene, to M. Young of the M. Grathiana stud of Kentucky, \$3300; Fernwood, by Falsetto, dam Quickstep, M. Byrnes for J. B. Haggin, \$2100.

Threatened by White Caps.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—A Times special from Rockford, Ill., says: Mead Holmes, an alderman from the Second Ward of this city, who has been fighting the liquor interest, and who is the projector of an ordinance now pending which absolutely prohibits the sale of liquor here, today received a communication asking him to resign his position in the City Council, and threatening him with bodily injury in case he did not do so. The police are investigating the matter.

Prohibitionists Going South.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 11.—The national executive committee of the Prohibitionists met in this city today. The committee considered several plans for work during the coming winter, and decided that the southern field demanded their attention most. Accordingly members of the committee will make a trip through the South as soon as possible, and a judicious distribution of literature will be made. The committee generally felt very much encouraged by the growing interest in the party in the recent campaign, and it is intended to make still more strenuous effort in the future.

A Cruel Brute's Heavy Sentence.

TAYLORVILLE (Ill.), Dec. 11.—Charles F. Hawkins, a veterinary surgeon, was sentenced today to 28 years in the penitentiary for torturing 45 horses with sulphuric acid and croton oil during the progress of a political meeting held here November 3d. Henderson made a confession in court. He was expected to receive a sentence was pronounced. Henderson was hurried off to Chester this afternoon.

Making Mahone the Scapgoat.

RICHMOND (Va.), Dec. 11.—A conference of leaders of the anti-Mahone wing of the Republican party tonight, it was decided to prepare a statement, to be submitted to President-elect Harrison, of the manner in which they assert, Gen. Mahone mismanaged the campaign in Virginia, by which the electoral ticket was lost.

Tortured by Hobbers.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 11.—Miss Mollie Ross, an aged lady living near Uniontown, was horribly tortured last night by burglars for the purpose of securing money she was supposed to have in her house. The rascals bound her with heavy cords, applied a lighted candle to her feet and inflicted severe bruises upon her body with clubs.

The Usual Lynching Sequel.

NATCHEZ (Miss.), Dec. 11.—As a sequel to the Stagan murder, which occurred on Saturday night last near Harrisonburg, La., the murderer, Noah Taylor, colored, has been lynched.

The Weather.

SIGNAL OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, Dec. 11.—At 5:07 a.m. the thermometer registered 45; at 12:07 p.m., 67; at 5:07 p.m., 57. Barometer for corresponding periods, 30.03, 30.01, 29.97. Maximum temperature, 70; minimum temperature, 43. Weather clear.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—Indications for 24 hours: For California—Rain in Northern California, fair weather in Southern California, southerly winds in northern portions, westerly winds in the southern portion, nearly stationary temperature.

I. Citron, re-opened at 27 North Main street under the name of "The Green Front," where can be found a full line of fine clothing, gentlemen's hats, caps, boots and shoes, at bottom prices.

Carload of English jams and jellies, at H. Jevne's grocery house.

The Most Reliable.

Sperry's Sour. Price, \$1.00 per sack.

Hotel del Coronado.

DO NOT MISS

EXCURSION

—DIRECT FOR THE—

HOTEL del CORONADO

Which leaves First Street Depot at 10 o'clock a.m.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15th.

Round-trip Tickets, \$3.50.

For sale at the Santa Fe offices, room 1114 p.m. on Monday.

Everything is charming at the

Hotel del Coronado,

San Diego County,

—THE MOST—

Remarkable and Magnificent

Structure on the continent of America.

The climate of the peninsula whereon this gorgeous structure stands is both

PRESERVATIVE AND RESTORATIVE.

Abundance of pure and palatable water, which has superior qualities: excellent in kidney troubles. Equal to the famous Waukesha Springs.

Rates, by the month, from \$2 per day; transient, \$5 per day and up according to room.

E. S. BABCOCK, Jr., Manager.

HOTEL del CORONADO

Excursion and Information Agency.

Cor. Spring and Franklin Sts.,

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

PURE WATER!

There is today no question of sanitary science of greater vital importance to humanity than that of the quality of water entering into our daily domestic economy.

Wholesome water is a prime necessity, and a priceless blessing to man.

A very valuable and important discovery was made by the Coronado Beach Company a few months since, while investigating the water supply of the Otay Valley, San Diego county. They came upon a series of living springs, the water of which has similar properties to

THE WAUKESHA WATER.

Clear, bright, agreeable to the eye and refreshing to the taste, one spring already yields 5,000,000 gallons per day, and other springs can, by development, be made to yield equal quantities.

This water has been piped to South San Diego, Coronado Heights, and Coronado Beach, and used with the utmost satisfaction and favorable results.

AN ANALYSIS

Made of this late discovery by the celebrated chemist, C. Gilbert Wheeler of Chicago, shows that it is exceptionally pure, and is possessed of highly medicinal qualities, which act as directly and favorably on all kidney troubles as

THE WAUKESHA WATER.

The above is fully borne out by the result of its use for several months among the guests of the Hotel del Coronado. Many severe cases have been greatly improved, and others completely cured.

Mr. H. Ludington, son, and Mr. Edward Elliott, son-in-law, of ex-Gov. Ludington of Wisconsin, both now guests at the Hotel del Coronado, have been using this water, and find the result highly beneficial. They freely pronounce it equal in its curative powers and remedial qualities to the famous waters of the celebrated Waukesha Springs of Wisconsin, which they have used on their table for the past 15 years.

E. S. BABCOCK, Jr., President Coronado Beach Company.

Unclassified.

CALIFORNIA LANDS

LOS ANGELES!

THE SIMI LAND & WATER CO.

Los Angeles, Cal., have for sale a large body of fine fruit, farming and grazing lands, well watered, and located in one of the most attractive and healthful portions of Southern California. They offer lands from \$5 to \$60 per acre, on very easy terms for actual settlers, and will make special inducements to colonists. For maps, price lists and full information, address

E. W. POINDEXTER, Sec'y.

19 W. First St., Los Angeles.

THE ONLY RELIABLE

OPTICAL ESTABLISHMENT,

THE LOS ANGELES OPTICAL INSTITUTE

REMOVED

To its new and elegant store.

131 and 133 South Spring St.,

Los Angeles Theater, Building.

LOS ANGELES OPTICAL INSTITUTE.

STRASSBURGER & MARSCHKE.

Opticians and Dealers in PHOTO SUPPLIES.

For Awnings, Flags,

TENTS

TRUCK, HAY & WAGON COVERS,

—GO TO—

A. W. Swanfeldt, 124 E. Second St.

All widths of duck, from 22 to 120 inches.

JULIUS WOLTER,

Manufacturing Jeweler & Watchmaker.

—ALSO DEALER IN—

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY.

Any description of gold or silver jewelry made to order or repaired. Old gold and silver made over, taken in exchange or bought for highest cash prices. Fine gold and silver plating.

74 Commercial Street, Upstairs.

"Ring Up 666 please!"

FOR GASOLINE AND OIL.

Esplanade for customers. Hunt's Oil Depot, No. 251 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

Lubricating Oils a Specialty.

Humboldt, Morris & Co. Proprietors.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

TAKE ADVANTAGE

BARGAINS.

NE PLUS ULTRA WHITE SHIRTS. Well made. Best ever sold for that price in the city.

50c.

NIGHT GOWNS. Men's Night-shirts, plain and fancy trimmed.

75c.

SEE OUR LINES OF UNDERWEAR! Before you buy.

See Our Show Windows, You Can Save Money.

Superb line of Neckwear, Suspenders and Silk Handkerchiefs for Christmas Gifts.

The GENTS' BAZAAR,

158 SOUTH SPRING ST.,

Between Second and Third.

Real Estate.

Briggs Fergusson & Co.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

GRAND CREDIT SALE,

Dec. 17, 18 and 19,

BAKERSFIELD.

GRAND EXCURSION

—TO—

BAKERSFIELD,

THE COUNTY SEAT OF KERN COUNTY.

The Railroad Center of the Southern San Joaquin Valley.

Center of the Largest Area of Rich Agricultural Lands in the State.

Over a Million Acres of Choice Fruit, Alfalfa and General Farming Land.

The Largest and Best Water Supply.

All Titles Irrevocably Settled. Over 30 Miles of Main Irrigating Canals.

Water Sold by the Foot, Not the Inch.

Artesian Wells that Yield Millions of Gallons Each Day.

A Country of Unlimited Resources.

The Largest Alfalfa Fields in the World.

Natural Gas and Coal Oil Deposits. Mines of Gold and other Minerals.

Largest Stock Ranches in the State. Inexhaustible Lumber Supply.

ALL TRIBUTARY TO BAKERSFIELD

The Southern Pacific Railroad is now erecting a large and elegant Brick Depot at Bakersfield, the finest in California, also 16 new MACHINERY SHOPS, which will employ hundreds of hands.

The Atchison and other railroads are now heading for Bakersfield, which is bound to be a city of at least 10,000 inhabitants inside of the next four years.

Grand Credit Auction Sale

—OF—

Business and Residence Lots and Colony Tracts,

Under the Management of

BRIGGS, FERGUSON & CO.

DAYS OF SALE:

Monday, December 17th, Tuesday, December 18th, Wednesday, December 19th, 1888.

Sale commences on Monday at 1 p.m., and on Tuesday and Wednesday at 10 a.m.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-fourth cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years, with interest at 10 per cent. per annum. Title, United States patent. Deeds at Purchaser's expense.

Special train leaves Los Angeles on Sunday, December 16th, 10:00 a.m., and returns to Los Angeles on Tuesday, December 18th, 10:00 a.m. Tickets for sale at the Southern Pacific office, and at the depot.

For further particulars, maps and catalogues, address

BRIGGS, FERGUSON & CO.,

16 314 California street, San Francisco.

INCUMBERED!

A-1 City Property!

—LARGE OR SMALL—

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS!

MUST BE SOLD.

WILL TRADE PART. BALANCE ON EASY TERMS.

ALSO :: TWO :: FARMS.

—CALL AT ONCE ON—

Guirado & Hamilton, 45 S. Fort St.,

NEAR SECOND STREET.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

South Field, Wellington and Foreign Steam Coal.</

It is the best known corset, and at 75c is 10c less than the regular price.

SMOKE!
ers Sale!
STOCK OF
CHING
NG GOODS, ETC.,
 and Smoke, at
TH HOUSE,
 TO BE
LESS OF VALUE.
SPRING ST.,
BEAU HOUSE.
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IES.
 ANGELES, December 10, 1898.
 port are respectively requested to
 (Wednesday) and Thursday evenings
 out.
 9 & 11 S. Spring St.
PHOTOGRAPHS.
PER DOZEN \$9
 am
 suitable present to your parents or friends,
 inset picture at \$3 per dozen, equal to the
 best price work.
 IN STREET, OPPOSITE PLAZA.
CURTAIN COMPANY,
 ERS OF—
ss Goods, Tools,
and Sewer Pipe.
 CK OF—
rs and Gasfitters' Material
STORES:
ANGELES STREETS.
and C. C. Railway Company's Track
CHIEF COOK AT THE
MINA
 NG. NUF CRED!
Business Opportunities.
A. C. STEVENS & CO., 10 W. FIRST
Special Bazaar—Fruit and grocery stock at half
price; a snap for some one; must sell this week.
A restaurant outfit at half price.
A splendid bakery, fully equipped, doing fine
bread and biscuits, and, long lease, low rent; account
owners must sell at once.
Three stores, clophouses, cigar stands, saloons,
and furniture throughout, on a beautiful lot
Real-estate exchanges can be made in many
cases. A. C. STEVENS & CO., 10 W. First st.
FOR SALE—AT MUNKUVIA—A SIA-
tion for sale and fancy goods store; the best busi-
ness in the town; also, a 16-room b. & b., well fur-
nished and furnished throughout, on a beautiful lot
to be let; centrally located. The above prop-
erty will sell for bargain. Apply to J. J. FAY,
**12-15
 C. K. at Tuttle's Bazar, Monrovia.**
HAVING MADE A FORTUNE, AND
being ready to depart for Europe on family
affairs, I offer for sale a first-class French bakery,
equipped on the principal st., and in the center of the
business quarter of El Paso, Mex., 2000 sq. ft. wagon
and 2 hor. s. terms easy. Address AT. L. GEMMETZ,
El Paso st., El Paso, Tex.
FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS NEWSPA-
per and job office in Santa Barbara county.
I offer for sale on account of sickness; this is
an excellent opportunity for an individual
to get into the newspaper business. All on or address GOSFORD
SUTTON, No. 318, Spring st., room 1.
FOR SALE—BUSINESS LOT AND
store, also fixtures, for bakery, bake shop
and furniture throughout, on a beautiful lot
to be let; centrally located. The above prop-
erty will sell for bargain. Apply to J. J. FAY,
**12-15
 C. K. at Tuttle's Bazar, Monrovia.**
FOR SALE—POULTRY RANCH OF 10
acres, with house, windmill, poultry-house, 100-
head of broilers, 100 head of chickens, 100 head of
ducks, 100 head of geese, 100 head of turkeys,
100 head of pigs, 100 head of calves, 100 head of
horses, 100 head of cattle, 100 head of sheep,
100 head of goats, 100 head of swine, 100 head of
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100 head of insects, 100 head of mollusks,
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trains, 100 head of ships, 100 head of
boats, 100 head of aircraft, 100 head of
automobiles, 100 head of trains, 100 head of
ships, 100 head of boats, 100 head of
air